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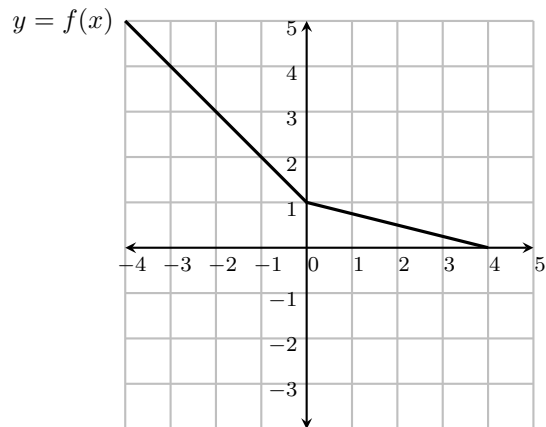
## Inverse Function Diagnostic Quiz

Take this quiz to see if you need Lecture 4 (Inverse Functions). Answers are on page 2.

**Important:** Pencil or pen only. **No calculators.**

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1. Does the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$  have an inverse? If so, find its inverse.
2. Does the function  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$  have an inverse? If so, find its inverse.
3. Does the function graphed below have an inverse? If so sketch the graph of  $y = f^{-1}(x)$ .

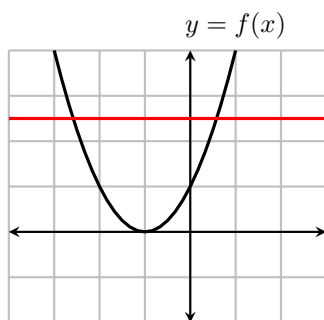


4. Suppose that  $f$  is an invertible function. Simplify  $f^{-1}(f(x^3 + 5x))$ .

1. Does the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$  have an inverse? If so, find its inverse.

**No.** The function  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x + 1)^2$  is a parabola, as shown below.

A horizontal line crosses the graph more than once, so  $f(x)$  has no inverse.



2. Does the function  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$  have an inverse? If so, find its inverse.

The graph of this function is the graph of  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$  moved one unit to the right.

No horizontal line crosses the graph more than once, so the inverse exists.

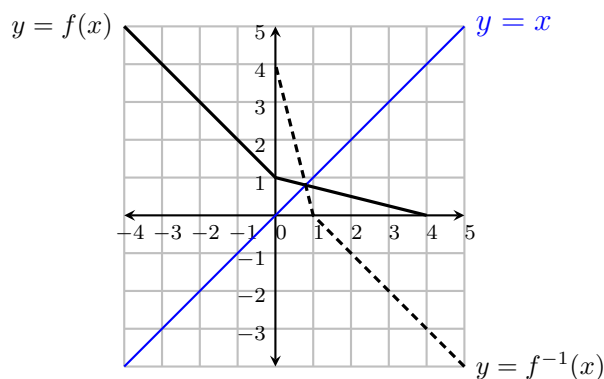
Let's now compute the inverse.

$$\begin{aligned}y &= \sqrt[3]{x-1} \\x &= \sqrt[3]{y-1} && \text{(interchange variables)} \\x^3 &= \sqrt[3]{y-1}^3 && \text{(solve for } y\text{)} \\x^3 &= y-1 \\y &= x^3 + 1\end{aligned}$$

Therefore  $f^{-1}(x) = x^3 + 1$ .

3. Does the function graphed below have an inverse? If so sketch the graph of  $y = f^{-1}(x)$ .

**Yes.** No horizontal line crosses the graph of  $y = f(x)$  more than once, so this function is one-to-one and therefore has an inverse. The graph  $y = f^{-1}(x)$  of the inverse (shown dashed below) is the graph of  $y = f(x)$  reflected across the line  $y = x$ .



4. Suppose that  $f$  is an invertible function. Simplify  $f^{-1}(f(x^3 + 5x))$ .

$$f^{-1}(f(x^3 + 5x)) = x^3 + 5x.$$