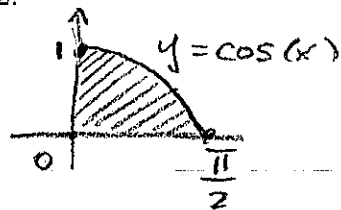


1. Find the area under the graph of
- $y = \cos(x)$
- between
- $x = 0$
- and
- $x = \pi/2$
- .

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(x) dx = \left[ \sin(x) \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \sin(0) = 1 - 0$$

$$= \boxed{1 \text{ square unit}}$$



$$2. \int_0^4 (3x^2 + 2x) dx = \left[ 3\frac{x^3}{3} + 2\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^4 = \left[ x^3 + x^2 \right]_0^4 = (4^3 + 4^2) - (0^3 + 0^2)$$

$$= 64 + 16 = \boxed{80}$$

$$3. \int_1^2 \left(x + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) dx = \int_1^2 (x^1 + x^{-2}) dx = \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{x} \right]_1^2 = \left( \frac{2^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \left( \frac{1^2}{2} - \frac{1}{1} \right)$$

$$= 2 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + 1 = 2 - 1 + 1 = \boxed{2}$$

$$4. \text{ Find the derivative of the function } F(x) = \int_x^0 \frac{e^t \sin(\pi t)}{t^5 + e^t} dt. = - \int_0^x \frac{e^t \sin(\pi t)}{t^5 + e^t} dt$$

By FTC I, 
$$F'(x) = - \frac{e^x \sin(\pi x)}{x^5 + e^x}$$

5. The graph of a function
- $f(x)$
- is shown below.

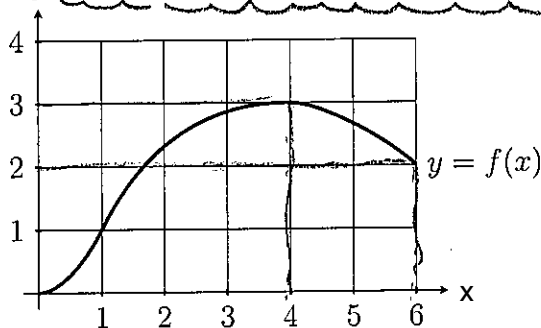
$$\text{Find } \int_4^6 f'(t) dt. = \left[ f(x) \right]_4^6$$

$$= f(6) - f(4)$$

$$= 2 - 3$$

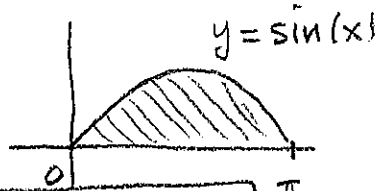
$$= \boxed{-1}$$

because  $f(x)$  is an antiderivative of  $f'(x)$



1. Find the area under the graph of
- $y = \sin(x)$
- between
- $x = 0$
- and
- $x = \pi$
- .

$$A = \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = \left[ -\cos(x) \right]_0^{\pi} = -\cos(\pi) - (-\cos(0))$$

$$= -(-1) - (-1) = \boxed{2 \text{ square units}}$$


2.  $\int_1^2 (2x - 3x^2 + 1) dx =$

$$= \left[ 2 \frac{x^2}{2} - 3 \frac{x^3}{3} + x \right]_1^2 = \left[ x^2 - x^3 + x \right]_1^2 = (2^2 - 2^3 + 2) - (1^2 - 1^3 + 1)$$

$$= (4 - 8 + 2) - 1 = \boxed{-3}$$

3.  $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}/2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \left[ \sin^{-1}(x) \right]_0^{\sqrt{3}/2} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - \sin^{-1}(0)$ 

$$= \frac{\pi}{3} - 0 = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{3}}$$

4. Find the derivative of the function  $F(x) = \int_x^{\pi} \frac{t^5 + e^t}{e^t \ln(t)} dt = - \int_{\pi}^x \frac{t^5 + e^t}{e^t \ln(t)} dt$

By FTC I,  $F'(x) = - \frac{x^5 + e^x}{e^x \ln(x)}$

5. The graph of a function
- $f(x)$
- is shown below.

Find  $\int_1^4 f'(t) dt = \left[ f(x) \right]_1^4$

$= f(4) - f(1)$

$= 1 - 3$

$= \boxed{-2}$

