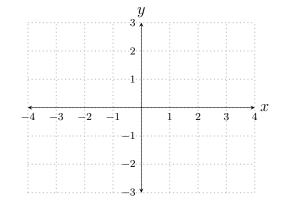
1. 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sin(x-1)}{3x-3} =$$

$$2. \lim_{x \to 0} \cos \left( \frac{\pi x}{6x - 6x^2} \right) =$$

3. State the intervals on which the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1 - \ln(x)}$  is continuous.

- 4. Draw the graph of **one** function f, with domain [-4, 4], meeting **all** of the following conditions.
  - (a) f is continuous at all x except x = -1 and x = 1.
  - (b) f(3) = 2
  - (c)  $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = 2$
  - (d)  $\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} f(x) = 1$
  - (e)  $\lim_{x \to -1^+} f(x) = -1$



$$1. \quad \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{7\sin(x)}{3x} =$$

2. 
$$\lim_{x \to 5} \log_3 \left( \frac{x^2 - x - 20}{x - 5} \right) =$$

3. State the intervals on which the function  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{e^x - e}$  is continuous.

- 4. Draw the graph of **one** function f, with domain [-4, 4], meeting **all** of the following conditions.
  - (a) f is continuous at all x except x = 1 and x = 2.
  - (b) f(3) = -2
  - (c)  $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) = -1$
  - $(d) \quad \lim_{x \to 1^{-}} f(x) = 1$
  - (e)  $\lim_{x \to 1^+} f(x) = 2$

