

1. Suppose $a \in \mathbb{Z}$. Prove the following statement.

Use completely formed sentences. Use definitions when appropriate.

Proposition: $a^3 + a^2 + a$ is even if and only if a is even.

Proof First we will prove that if $a^3 + a^2 + a$ is even, then a is even. For this we will use contrapositive.

Suppose that a is not even, that is a is odd.

Then $a = 2k + 1$ for some $k \in \mathbb{Z}$, and then

$$\begin{aligned} a^3 + a^2 + a &= (2a+1)^3 + (2a+1)^2 + (2a+1) \\ &= 8a^3 + 12a^2 + 6a + 1 + 4a^2 + 4a + 1 + 2a + 1 \\ &= 8a^3 + 16a^2 + 10a + 3 \\ &= 2(4a^3 + 8a^2 + 5a + 1) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

Thus $a^3 + a^2 + a = 2c + 1$ for $c = 4a^3 + 8a^2 + 5a + 1$, and therefore $a^3 + a^2 + a$ is odd and not even.

Conversely, we will prove that if a is even then $a^3 + a^2 + a$ is even. We will use direct proof.

Suppose a is even. Then $a = 2c$ for some

$c \in \mathbb{Z}$. Consequently $a^3 + a^2 + a = (2a)^3 + (2a)^2 + 2a$

$$= 8a^3 + 4a + 2a = 2(4a^3 + 2a + a). \text{ Thus}$$

$$a^3 + a^2 + a = 2c \text{ for } c = 4a^3 + 2a + a \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

Therefore $a^3 + a^2 + a$ is even.

The proof is complete. ▣